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Near-Surface Circulation and Fate of Upper Layer Fresh Water from Rivers Runoff and Rain in the Bay of Bengal near Sri Lanka

Luca Centurioni
Scripps Institution of Oceanography
9500 Gilman Drive
Mail Code 0213
La Jolla, California 92103
phone: (858) 534-6182 email: lcenurioni@ucsd.edu

Award Number: N00014-13-1-0477

LONG-TERM GOALS

Improve the knowledge of the near-surface circulation in the BoB and of the pathways through which the freshwater fluxes occur.

OBJECTIVES

We want to collect direct observations of the seasonally reversing currents of the southwest BoB to improve the knowledge of the near-surface circulation and for the validation of numerical ocean circulation models. The science questions we to address include the descriptive effort of identifying the routes through which the export of fresh water can potentially occur. More specifically:

- 1) is the Sri Lanka Dome, which shows up very clearly in the summer geostrophic surface current maps (Figure 1) effective in maintaining a nearly closed recirculation cell east off Sri Lanka or do particles (drifters) quickly disperse and get entrained in the northward flowing EICC and westward flowing SMC?
- 2) Does the southward wintertime EICC flows around Sri Lanka and exports fresh water into the Arabian Sea or does it significantly retrofect eastward along the east coast of Sri Lanka, as some authors suggest?

APPROACH

To address the two questions above, we are deploying 3 SVP drifters/month off the coast of Sri-Lanka.

A large number of drifters will be deployed 2015 when an additional fleet of 30 salinity drifters will be used in conjunction of other IOP activities to map the SSS distribution and variability over the experiment area and to infer the surface freshwater export pathways from direct measurements.

The salinity drifters will also be important to validate the Aquarius SSS data, which will also be used to infer the SSS export routes in conjunction with the drifter data.

WORK COMPLETED AND RESULTS

The deployment of drifters begun in September 2012. The first shipment of 15 drifters reached Mr. Udaya Jinadasa of NARA in Colombo in July 2013. Mr. Jinadasa was trained on the SVP drifter deployment methodology and the first deployment of 3 drifters (2 Argos 3 and one Iridium) occurred on 9/27/2013 and was performed by the Sri Lanka Navy (Figure 1). The Iridium drifter was immediately picked-up, brought to shore and subsequently recovered by Mr. Jinadasa (not shown in Figure 1). Monthly deployments are planned to continue through the end of the experiment.

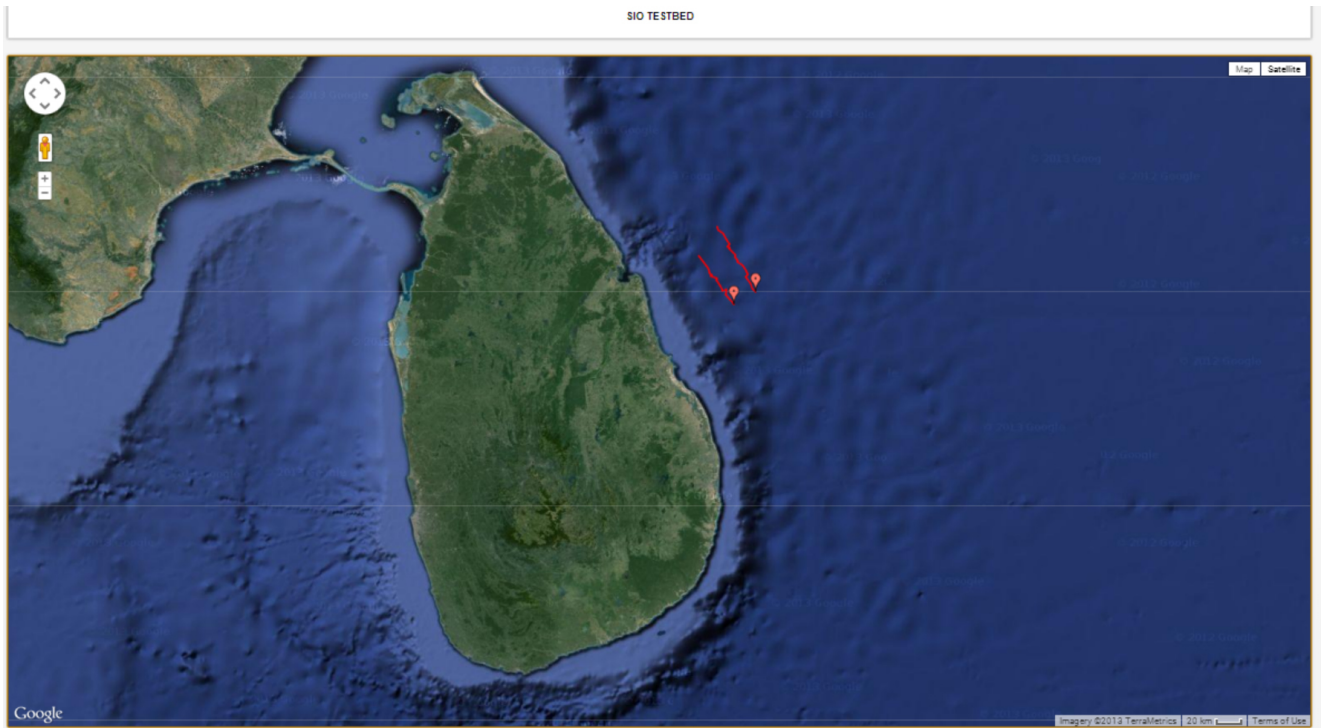


Figure 1: track of the first two drifters deployed off Trincomalee on Sept. 27, 2013

IMPACT/APPLICATIONS

- Capacity building in Sri Lanka
- The drifter data are posted in real-time to the GTS of the WWW

RELATED PROJECTS

The Global Drifter Program

PUBLICATIONS

None